You Will Need:

- Your notebook
- Your textbook
- Your pencil
Today you will learn about how the Egyptians made last achievements in writing, architecture, and art.
If you were there...

- You are an artist in Ancient Egypt. A noble has hired you to decorate his family tomb. You have met the noble and you know that he loves his family, the gods, and Egypt.

- What will you include in your painting? Quickly draw it in your notebook.
Egyptian Writing
Hieroglyphics

- **Hieroglyphics** mean to teach.
- They were one of the world’s first writing systems.
- They were found around 3300 BC.
How did they make them?

- Hieroglyphics were carved in stone or other hard material.
- The Egyptians eventually found a way to make **papyrus**
Papyrus

- Papyrus is a long lasting paper material made from reeds
- Volunteer to read page 123-124 “Writing in Ancient Egypt” paragraph
Egyptian Texts

- Papyrus did not decay in Egypt’s dry climate.
  - Why do you think it did not decay?
- Many of Egypt’s ancient texts still exist and historians can learn a lot about ancient government, religion, and culture.
The Rosetta Stone

- We did not know how to read hieroglyphics until 1799.
- The Rosetta Stone was a huge stone slab inscribed with hieroglyphics
  - What does ‘inscribed’ mean?
The Rosetta Stone
Egyptian Calendar

- The Egyptians created two calendars
  - One was based on the **solar cycle**
    - What is a **solar cycle**?
    - This one was 365 days long
  - One consisted of 12 months based on the **lunar cycle**
    - What is a **lunar cycle**?
Temple – Think, Pair, Share!

- Read the bottom of page 125-126 on “Egypt’s Great Temples”.
- What were three reasons why the Egyptians went to the temple?
  - 1)
  - 2)
  - 3)
Features of the Temples

- **Sphinxes** - imaginary creatures with the bodies of lions and the heads of other animals or humans
- They lined the path leading to the entrance of the temple.
Temples

- On either side of the gate, there was an **obelisk**
- What does this look like in our country?
Egyptian Art

- The temples are popular with tourists because of the art they have.
- The greatest artwork was to fill the tombs of the pharaoh.
- Think back...why would the best artwork go in the tombs of the pharaoh?
Notice and Wonder
King Tut

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dmkDPaHSBzg

- Look on page 127

- What would archaeologists learn about from the artifacts?
More Art

- The Egyptians also made objects from gold and precious stone
- What could some of these objects be?
Jewelry

- They made jewelry for both men and women.
- Some of the jewelry they made were necklaces, collars, and bracelets.
- Gold was also used for burial items of the pharaohs.
Think, Pair, Share!

In what way is this jewelry different from our jewelry? How is it the same?
Treasure Hunters

- Have you ever heard of them?
- They emptied many of the pharaoh’s tombs and stole the treasure and gifts inside of them.
- King Tut’s tomb did not get disturbed.
  - This is how we know so much about burial practices and beliefs.
Extra Credit!!!!

- Write a short story using your **own** set of hieroglyphics.
- Create a key with the symbols representing words or numbers.
- Presentation is important! Please be neat and make it look as good as possible.
- This will add **5** points to your test at the end of the next unit 😊
- Due in ONE WEEK from today.
Homework

- Fill in the blank section on page 49

Just in case... no one has told you today. YOU are amazing! Have a really great day.