

You Will Need:

- Your notebook
- Your textbook
- Your pencil

Today you will learn
about how the
Egyptians made
last achievements
in writing,
architecture, and
art.

Egyptian Achievements

If you were there...

- You are an artist in Ancient Egypt. A noble has hired you to decorate his family tomb. You have met the noble and you know that he loves his family, the gods, and Egypt.
- What will you include in your painting? Quickly draw it in your notebook.

Egyptian Writing

 A	 B	 B	 C	 D	 E
 F	 G	 H	 H	 I	 J
 K	 L	 M	 N	 N	 O
 P	 Q	 R	 S	 T	 T
 U	 V	 W	 X	 Y	 Z



Hieroglyphics

- **Hieroglyphics** mean to teach.
- They were one of the world's first writing systems.
- They were found around 3300 BC.

How did they make them?

- Hieroglyphics were carved in stone or other hard material.
- The Egyptians eventually found a way to make **papyrus**



Papyrus

- Papyrus is a long lasting paper material made from reeds
- Volunteer to read page 123-124 “Writing in Ancient Egypt” paragraph



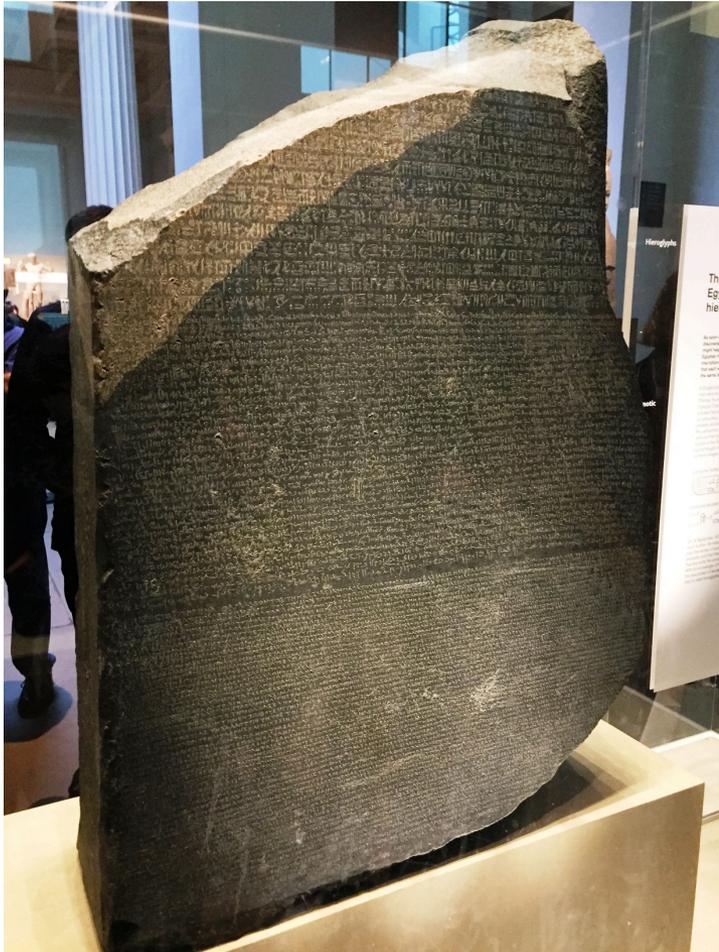
Egyptian Texts

- Papyrus did not decay in Egypt's dry climate.
 - Why do you think it did not decay?
- Many of Egypt's ancient texts still exist and historians can learn a lot about ancient government, religion, and culture.

The Rosetta Stone

- We did not know how to read hieroglyphics until 1799.
- The Rosetta Stone was a huge stone slab inscribed with hieroglyphics
 - What does 'inscribed' mean?

The Rosetta Stone



Egyptian Calendar

- The Egyptians created two calendars
 - One was based on the **solar cycle**
 - What is a **solar cycle**?
 - This one was 365 days long
 - One consisted of 12 months based on the **lunar cycle**
 - What is a **lunar cycle**?

Temples – Think, Pair, Share!

- Read the bottom of page 125-126 on “Egypt’s Great Temples”.
- What were three reasons why the Egyptians went to the temple?
 - 1)
 - 2)
 - 3)

Features of the Temples

- **Sphinxes**- imaginary creatures with the bodies of lions and the heads of other animals or humans
- They lined the path leading to the entrance of the temple.



Temples

- On either side of the gate, there was an **obelisk**
- What does this look like in our country?





Egyptian Art

- The temples are popular with tourists because of the art they have.
- The greatest artwork was to fill the tombs of the pharaoh
- Think back...why would the best artwork go in the tombs of the pharaoh?

Notice and Wonder



King Tut

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dmkDPaHSBzg>
- Look on page 127
- What would archaeologists learn about from the artifacts?

More Art

- The Egyptians also made objects from gold and precious stone
- What could some of these objects be?

Jewelry

- They made jewelry for both men and women.
- Some of the jewelry they made were necklaces, collars, and bracelets.
- Gold was also used for burial items of the pharaohs.

Treasure Hunters

- Have you ever heard of them?
- They emptied many of the pharaoh's tombs and stole the treasure and gifts inside of them.
- King Tut's tomb did not get disturbed.
 - This is how we know so much about burial practices and beliefs.

Extra Credit!!!!

- Write a short story using your own set of hieroglyphics.
- Create a key with the symbols representing words or numbers
- Presentation is important! Please be neat and make it look as good as possible.
- This will add 5 points to your test at the end of the next unit 😊
- Due in ONE WEEK from today.

Homework

- Fill in the blank section on page 49

