

# GEOGRAPHY AND CLIMATE OF CANADA

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# MOUNT ASSINIBOINE

- This mountain is on the border of Canada
- This mountain was named by a man called George M. Dawson in the 1800s
- The elevation is 3,618 m (11,870 ft)



# ROCKY MOUNTAINS

- This Mountain range goes all the way down to the Arctic and up to the tip of south America
- The elevation is 3,954 m (12,972 ft)
- Located in the western side Canada



## MT. LOGAN

- Mt. Logan is the highest mountain range is the highest in Canada
- This mountain was named after Sir William Edmond Logan
- Elevation 5,959 m (19,551 ft)
- Located in Kluane National Park Reserve



## HUDSON BAY

- This is the second biggest bay in the world after the Bay of Bengal
- Max. Length 1,370 km (851.28 mi)
- Max. Width 1,050 km (652.44 mi)
- This is an ocean in North America/ Canada



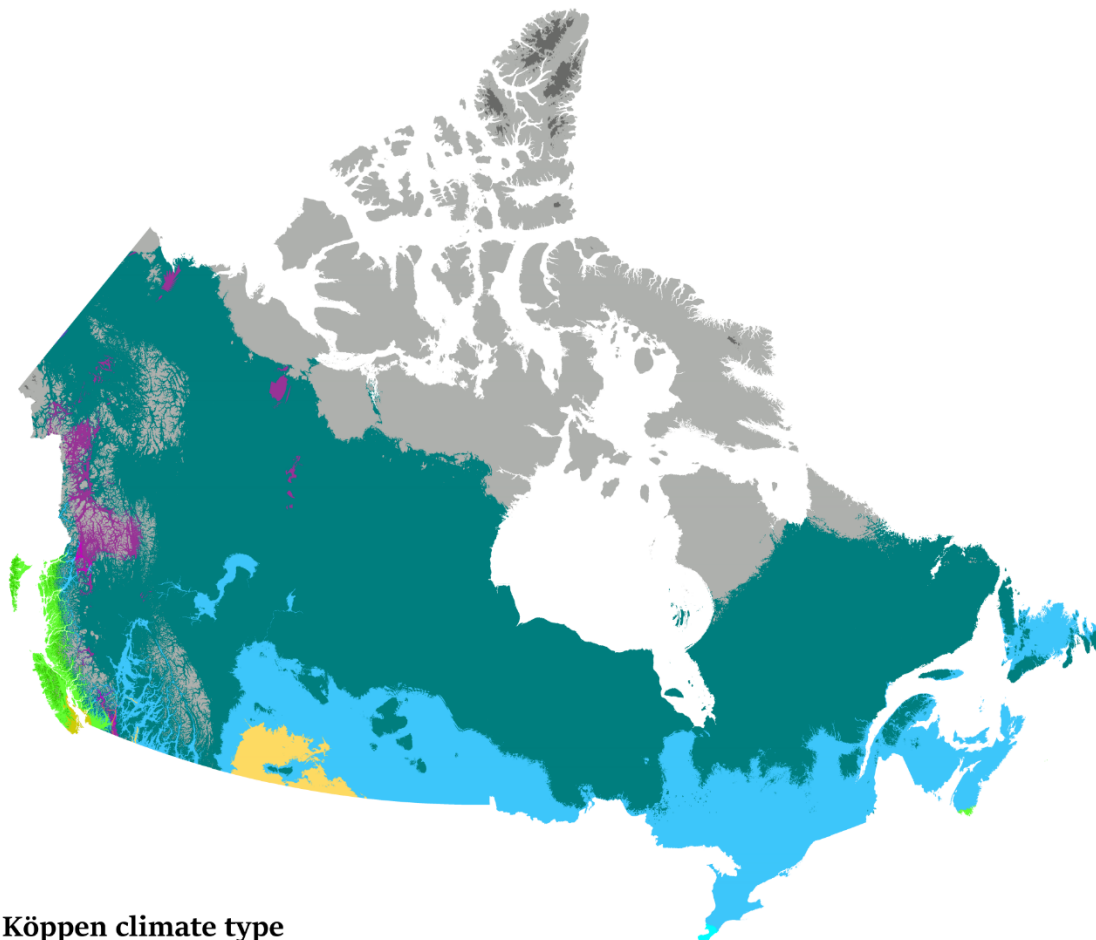
## COAST MOUNTAINS

-Elevation 4,019 m ( 13,186 ft)

-These mountains have three subdivisions

-Theses mountains go all the way to the United States

## Köppen climate types of Canada



### Köppen climate type

EF (Ice-cap)	Dfa (Hot-summer humid continental)	Cfc (Subpolar oceanic)
ET (Tundra)	Dwc (Subarctic)	Cfb (Oceanic)
Dfc (Subarctic)	Dsc (Dry-summer subarctic)	Csb (Warm-summer mediterranean)
Dfb (Warm-summer humid continental)	Dsb (Warm-summer mediterranean continental)	BSk (Cold semi-arid)

\*Isotherm used to separate temperate (C) and continental (D) climates is  $-3^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Data source: Climate types calculated from data from WorldClim.org

## CLIMATE

- The climate in Canada helps them play their normal day sports
- The blue on this map says that it is humid, so that means they can still play their favorite sports
- The weather depends on where you live in Canada
- If you live in the yellow part on this map that means it's colder down there than where the blue is